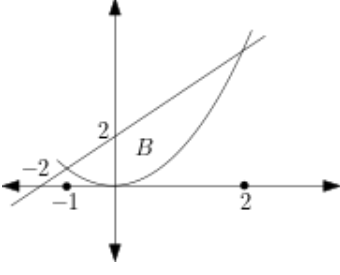


MTS225 İNTEGRAL HESAP ARA SINAV 2020 ÇÖZÜMLER

1. i)



$$x^2 = x + 2 \quad x = -1, 2$$

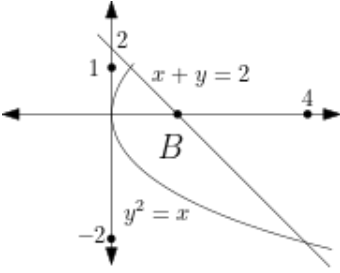
$$B : -1 \leq x \leq 2 \quad x^2 \leq y \leq x + 2$$

$$\text{Kütle} = \iint_B y \, dA = \int_{-1}^2 \int_{x^2}^{x+2} y \, dy \, dx = \int_{-1}^2 \frac{1}{2}((x+2)^2 - x^4) \, dx = \frac{36}{5}$$

$$M_y = \iint_B xy \, dA = \int_{-1}^2 \int_{x^2}^{x+2} xy \, dy \, dx = \int_{-1}^2 \frac{1}{2}(x(x+2)^2 - x^5) \, dx = \frac{45}{8}$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{M_y}{\text{Kütle}} = \frac{\frac{45}{8}}{\frac{36}{5}} = \frac{25}{32}$$

ii)



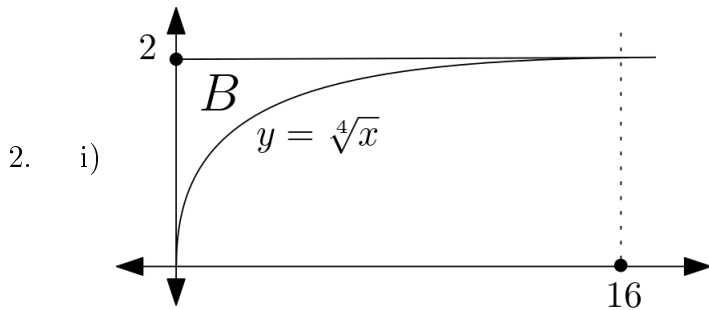
$$y^2 = 2 - y \quad y = -2, 1$$

$$B : -2 \leq y \leq 1 \quad y^2 \leq x \leq 2 - y$$

$$\text{Kütle} = \iint_B x \, dA = \int_{-2}^1 \int_{y^2}^{2-y} x \, dx \, dy = \int_{-2}^1 \frac{1}{2}((2-y)^2 - y^4) \, dy = \frac{36}{5}$$

$$M_x = \iint_B xy \, dA = \int_{-2}^1 \int_{y^2}^{2-y} xy \, dx \, dy = \int_{-2}^1 \frac{1}{2}(y(2-y)^2 - y^5) \, dy = -\frac{45}{8}$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{M_x}{\text{Kütle}} = \frac{-\frac{45}{8}}{\frac{36}{5}} = -\frac{25}{32}$$

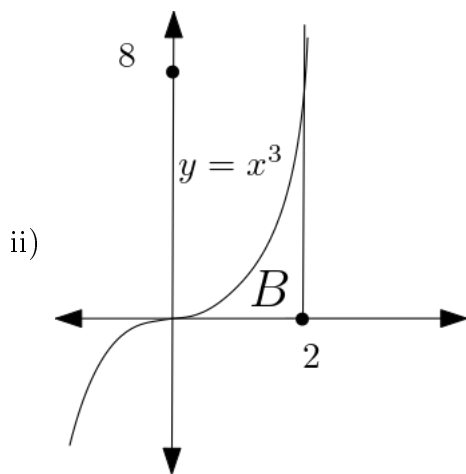


$$\int_0^{16} \left(\int_{\sqrt[4]{x}}^2 \frac{dy}{1+y^5} \right) dx = \iint_B \frac{1}{1+y^5} dA$$

$$B: 0 \leq x \leq 16, \sqrt[4]{x} \leq y \leq 2$$

$$B: 0 \leq y \leq 2, 0 \leq x \leq y^4$$

$$\begin{aligned} \iint_B \frac{1}{1+y^5} dA &= \int_0^2 \left(\int_0^{y^4} \frac{1}{1+y^5} dx \right) dy = \int_0^2 \left(\frac{x}{1+y^5} \Big|_0^{y^4} \right) dy \\ &= \int_0^2 \frac{y^4}{1+y^5} dy = \frac{\ln(1+y^5)}{5} \Big|_0^2 = \frac{\ln 33}{5} \end{aligned}$$

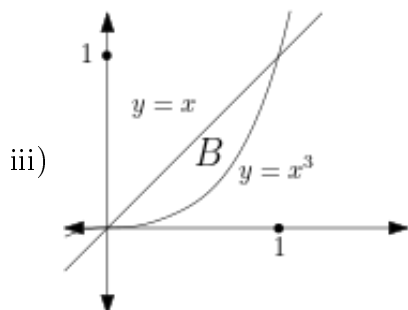


$$\int_0^8 \left(\int_{\sqrt[3]{y}}^2 e^{x^4} dx \right) dy = \iint_B e^{x^4} dA$$

$$B: 0 \leq y \leq 8, \sqrt[3]{y} \leq x \leq 2$$

$$B: 0 \leq x \leq 2, 0 \leq y \leq x^3$$

$$\iint_B e^{x^4} dA = \int_0^2 \left(\int_0^{x^3} e^{x^4} dy \right) dx = \int_0^2 \left(ye^{x^4} \Big|_0^{x^3} \right) dx = \int_0^2 x^3 e^{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{4} e^{x^4} \Big|_0^2 = \frac{e^{16} - 1}{4}$$

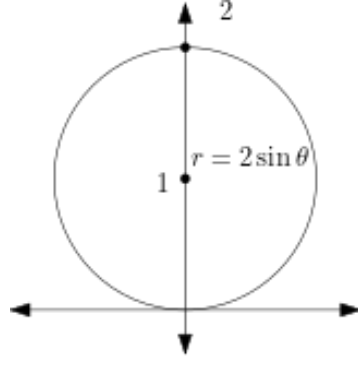


$$\int_0^1 \left(\int_y^{\sqrt[3]{y}} \frac{dx}{1+x^4} \right) dy = \iint_B \frac{1}{1+x^4} dA$$

$$B: 0 \leq y \leq 1, \sqrt[3]{y} \leq x \leq y$$

$$B: 0 \leq x \leq 1, x^3 \leq y \leq x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \iint_B \frac{1}{1+x^4} dA &= \int_0^1 \left(\int_{x^3}^x \frac{1}{1+x^4} dy \right) dx = \int_0^1 \left(\frac{y}{1+x^4} \Big|_{x^3}^x \right) dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \frac{x}{1+x^4} dx - \int_0^1 \frac{x^3}{1+x^4} dx = \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Arctan}(x^2) - \frac{1}{4} \ln(1+x^4) \right) \Big|_0^1 = \frac{\pi}{8} - \frac{\ln 2}{4} \end{aligned}$$



3. i) $z = 2x^2 + 2y^2 = 4y$ $x^2 + y^2 = 2y$ $r = 2 \sin \theta$
 $B : 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi, \quad 0 \leq r \leq 2 \sin \theta$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Hacim} &= \iint_B (4y - 2x^2 - 2y^2) dA = \int_0^\pi \int_0^{2 \sin \theta} (4r \sin \theta - 2r^2) r dr d\theta \\ &= \int_0^\pi \left(\frac{5}{6} \sin^4 \theta \right) d\theta = \frac{5}{6} \left(\frac{3\theta}{8} - \frac{1}{4} \sin(2\theta) + \frac{1}{32} \sin(4\theta) \right) \Big|_0^\pi = \frac{5\pi}{16} \end{aligned}$$

- ii) $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2, \quad z = 0$ arasında, $B : x^2 + y^2 = 2y$ içinde
 $B : 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi, \quad 0 \leq r \leq 2 \sin \theta$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Hacim} &= \iint_B (4 - x^2 - y^2 - 0) dA = \int_0^\pi \int_0^{2 \sin \theta} (4 - r^2) r dr d\theta \\ &= \int_0^\pi (8 \sin^2 \theta - 4 \sin^4 \theta) d\theta = \left(\frac{5\theta}{2} - \sin(2\theta) - \frac{1}{8} \sin(4\theta) \right) \Big|_0^\pi = \frac{5\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$$

- iii) $x^2 + y^2 - 4y + 9 = 9 - x^2 - y^2$ arasında, $B : x^2 + y^2 = 2y$ içinde
 $B : 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi, \quad 0 \leq r \leq 2 \sin \theta$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Hacim} &= \iint_B (4y - 2x^2 - 2y^2) dA = \int_0^\pi \int_0^{2 \sin \theta} (4r \sin \theta - 2r^2) r dr d\theta \\ &= \int_0^\pi \frac{8}{3} \sin^4 \theta d\theta = \left(\theta - \frac{2}{3} \sin(2\theta) + \frac{1}{12} \sin(4\theta) \right) \Big|_0^\pi = \pi \end{aligned}$$